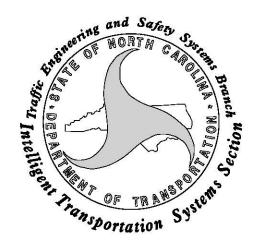
Design Manual

Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) Section



Part 3

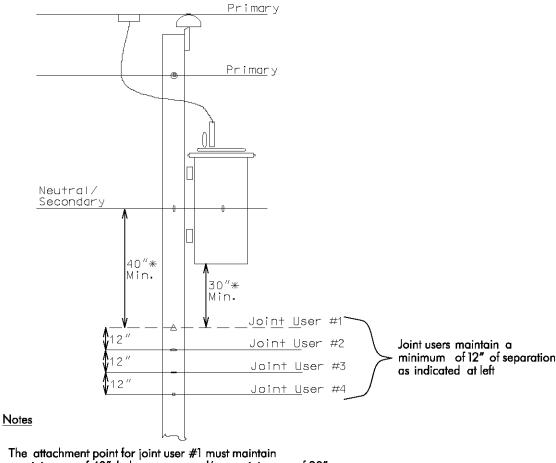
Topic	Section	Sheet(s)	Topic	Section	Sheet (s
National Electrical Safety Code (NES)	C)		Wireless Communications		
Clearance Requirements	1.0	1–4	Typical Details	6.0	1–2
			Typical Plan Sheet Notes & Legend	6.1	1
Single Mode /MultiMode	2.0	1	Sample of Wireless Notes	6.2	1
			Intersection with Wireless Notes	6.3	1
Drawing Format Items			Antenna Design Notes	6.4	1
Symbology	3.0	1	Sample Plans	6.5	1–5
Construction Notes	3.1	1–2	Dynamic Message Signs (DMS)		
Cable Routing Methods			Site Selection & Design Process	7.0	1
Aerial Communications Cable	4.0	1–3	Utility Make Ready Plans		
Underground Conduit	4.1	1–3	Field Investigation Checklist	8.0	
Equipment Cabinets and Risers	4.2	1-4	Common Adjustment Notes		1
Junction Boxes	4.3	1	Common Adjustment Motes	8.1	1–2
Splice Enclosures	4.4	1-4	Standard Sheet Layout		
Splice Cabinets	4.5	1–5	ITS Standard CADD Symbology	9.0	1
			Utility Make Ready Plans (UMR)	9.1	1–5
CCTV Cameras			Cable Routing Plans	9.2	1–5
Sample Construction Notes	5.0	1–3	Splice Details	9.3	1–2

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STD. NO.

Minimum Utility Clearance Requirements



NCDOT Minimum Attachment Clearances
From Other Joint Users at the Pole

Clearance From Min. Dista

Clearance From	Min. Distance
Neutral / Secondary Power Service Drop Power Service Drip Loo Top of Power Riser Bottom of Transformer Guy Attachment	40" 40"

If the power service drip loop supplies power to an <u>effectively grounded</u> streetlight the minimum clearance requirement is reduced to 12"

The attachment point for joint user #1 must maintain a minimum of 40" below power and/or a minimum of 30" below bottom of transformer (whichever is greater)

"Joint User" refers to the power company CATV companies, NCDOT, phone company, cities, and others

NESC Clearance Requirements – Utilities

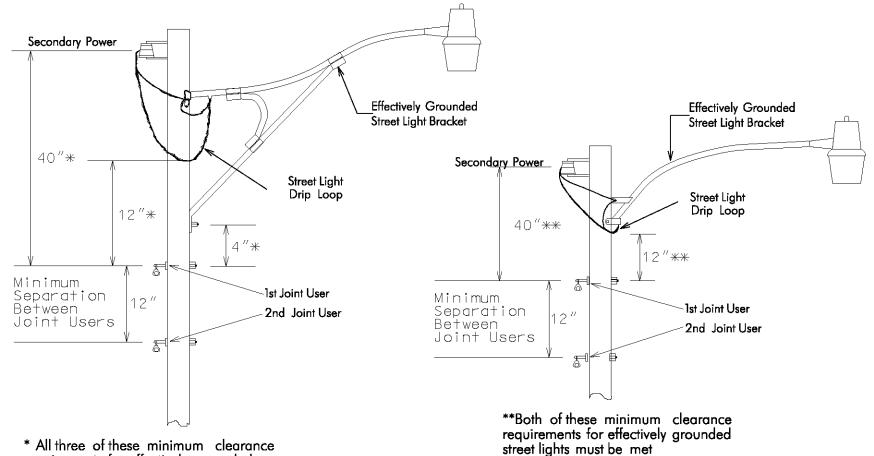
INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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SHEET 1 OF 4

Street Light Clearances



* All three of these minimum clearance requirements for effectively grounded street lights must be met

"Joint User" refers to the power company CATV companies, NCDOT, phone company, cities, and others IF THE STREET LIGHT /STREET LIGHT BRACKET IS NOT EFFECTIVELY GROUNDED, THEN THE MINIMUM CLEARANCE REQUIREMENT IS INCREASED TO 40" BELOW DRIP LOOP

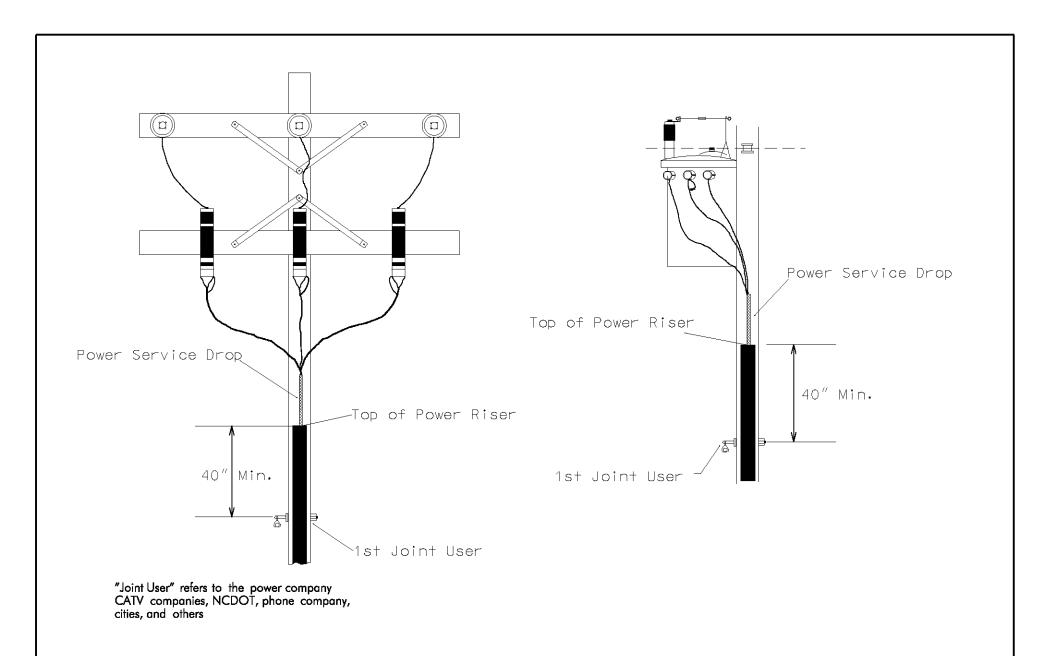
NESC Clearance Requirements – Streetlights

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NESC Clearance Requirements – Power Risers

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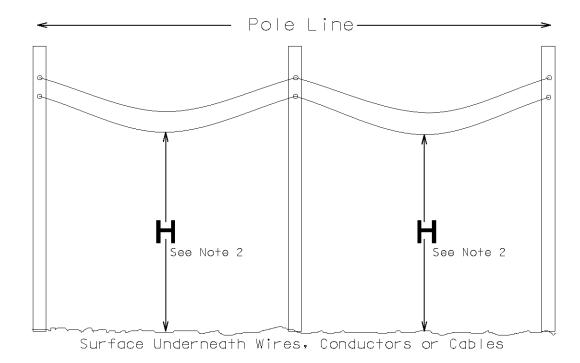


Table 1

Nature of Surface Underneath Wires Conductors or Cables	Minimum Clearance (H)*
Track rails of railroad except electrified railroads using overhead trolley conductors	30 FT
2. Roads, streets and other areas subject to truck traffic	18 FT
3. Driveways, parking lots, and alleys	18 FT
4. Other land traversed by vehicles such as cultivated, grazing, forest orchards, etc.	18 FT
5. Spaces and travel ways subject to pedestrian or restricted traffic only	15.5 FT

* These values have been adopted by NCDDT (as well as various utility companies) and exceed the specifications as set forth in the National Electrical Safety Code (NESC).

Notes:

- 1. See table 1 for acceptable minimum clearance values (H) over varying surfaces
- 2. "H" is defined as the vertical distance (Height) as measured from the lowest point (Typically Midspan) of the wires. conductors or cables to the surface below
- 3. Sag between poles should match the sag of existing utility lines

NESC Clearance Requirements - Height Over Grade

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

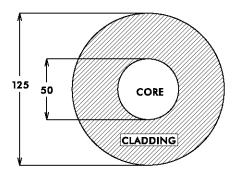
STD. NO.

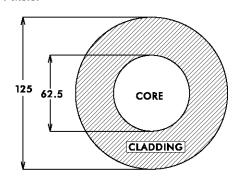
1.0

SHEET 4 OF 4

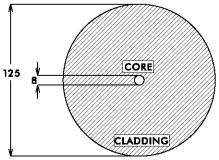
Fiber Optic Cross Section All dimensions in micrometers (microns)

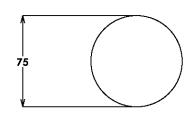
1,000,000 Microns = 1 Meter





Typical Dimension of Multimode Fiber





Typical Dimensions of Single Mode Fiber

Typical Dimension of Human Hair

Typical Signal Wavelengths

Fiber Type	Signal Wavelength	Typical Losses		
Multimode	850 nm	3.5 dB /km		
Multimode	1300 nm	1.5 dB /km		
Single Mode	1310 nm	0.35 dB /km		
	1550 nm	0.25 dB /km		

Fiber Color Code

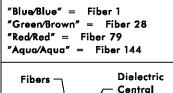
Number	Color	Nurr	ber	Color
1	Blue	1		Blue
2	Orange	2	!	Orange
3	Green	Blue 3	١	Green
4	Brown	Buffer ₄	.	Brown
5	Slate	Tube 5	;	Slate
6	White	6	·	White
7	Red	1		Blue
8	Black	2	!	Orange
9	Yellow	Orange 3	;	Green
10	Violet	Buffer 4	.	Brown
11	Rose	Tube 5	;	Slate
12	Aqua	6	·	White

Individual fibers can be identified by number and by color

When specifying by color it is customary to refer to the buffer tube color followed by the fiber color

"Orange/Green" is the green fiber in the orange buffer tube

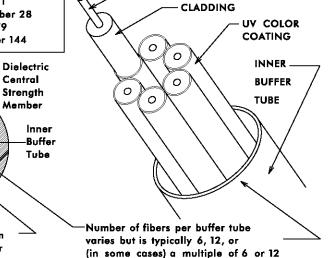
If a cable contained 144 fibers arranged with 12 buffer tubes each containing 12 fibers, then the following would be true



Outer

Strenath

Member



CORE

FIBER OPTIC CABLE

Outer

Jacket

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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COMMON DRAWING SYMBOLS

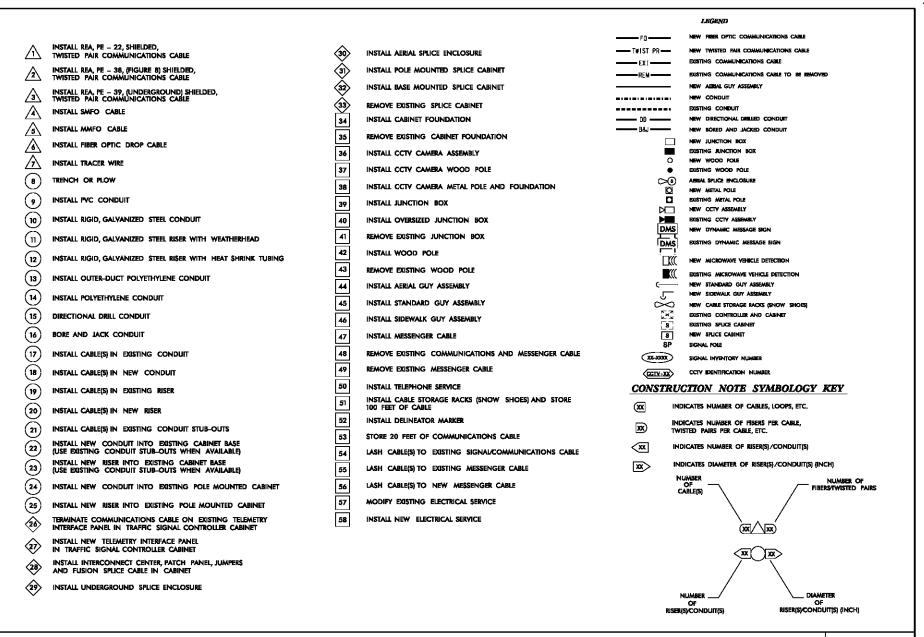
	COMMON	DICAMINO	STADOLS	
•	EXISTING SIGNAL POLE	>	NEW DOWN GUY	
0	NEW SIGNAL POLE	لے	NEW SIDEWALK GUY	
	EXISTING METAL POLE		NEW MICROWAVE VEHICLE DETECTION	
0	NEW METAL POLE	(((EXISTING MICROWAVE VEHICLE DETECTION	
	EXISTING METAL POLE WITH MAST ARM	DMS	NEW DYNAMIC MESSAGE SIGN	
	NEW METAL POLE WITH MAST ARM	DMS	EXISTING DYNAMIC MESSAGE SIGN	
SP	SIGNAL POLE	— F0 —	NEW FIBER OPTIC COMMUNICATIONS CABLE	
	NEW JUNCTION BOX	-TWIST PR-	NEW TWISTED PAIR COMMUNICATIONS CABLE	
	EXISTING JUNCTION BOX	—— EXI ——	EXISTING COMMUNICATIONS CABLE	
	NEW CCTV CAMERA		EXISTING COMMUNICATIONS CABLE TO BE REMOVED	
>	EXISTING CCTV CAMERA		NEW AERIAL GUY ASSEMBLY	
$\Diamond \Diamond$	CABLE STORAGE RACK (SNOW SHOES)		NEW CONDUIT EXISTING CONDUIT	
S	NEW SPLICE CABINET	— DD —	NEW DIRECTIONAL DRILLED CONDUIT	
_s _	EXISTING SPLICE CABINET	— B&J —	NEW BORED AND JACKED CONDUIT	
⇒(S)	AERIAL SPLICE ENCLOSURE	++++ +++	YAGI ANTENNA (DOUBLE) FOR REPEATER OPERATION	
× N	EXISTING SIGNAL CABINET	 	YAGI ANTENNA (SINGLE)	
	MASTER CONTROLLER CABINET		OMNI ATENNA	
NOTE: DRAWING SYMBOLS SHOULD BE AT THE SAME SCALE AS THE PLAN SHEET FOR INFORMATION ON SCALING LINE STYLES SEE "STANDARD SYMBOLOGY TABLES" SECTION 9.0				
	Drawing Format Items – Symbology			
Drawing Formal heins – Symbology				

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRANSPORTATION MOBILITY AND SAFETY DIVISION NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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Drawing Format Items - Construction Notes

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3.

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Understanding Construction Notes

Install one 12-fiber single mode fiber optic cable

Install two 6-fiber multi-mode fiber optic cables

Install one 2" diameter polyethylene conduit

Install one 1" diameter rigid, galvanized steel riser with weatherhead

Construction Note Conventions

Place notes in numerical order

Orient vertically

correct

incorrect

40 52

53

40 53 52 correct

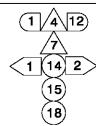
56

correct 47

incorrect 56

Some Common Construction Notes





40 52 53

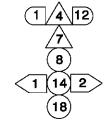
base mounted cabinet (master location)

directional drilled conduit

new fiber optic and messenger cable

new oversized junction box

For more information on construction notes, see sections 4-7



of this manual

pole mounted cabinet

trenched or plowed conduit

new riser

aerial splice enclosure

Drawing Format Items – Construction Notes

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STD. NO.

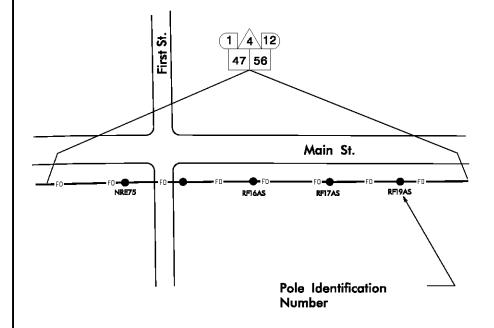
SHEET 2 OF 2

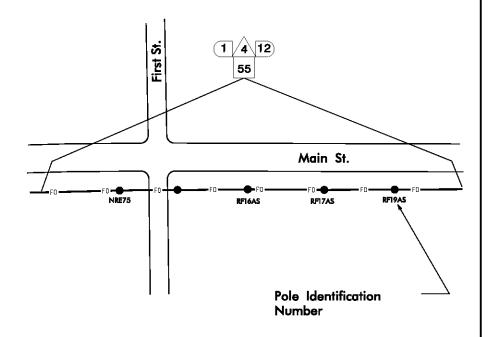
Case 1

New communications cable lashed to new messenger cable

Case 2

New communications cable lashed to existing messenger cable





Construction Notes for Aerial Cable Run

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

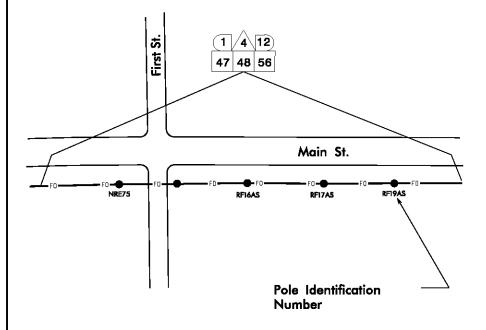
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SHEET 1 OF 3

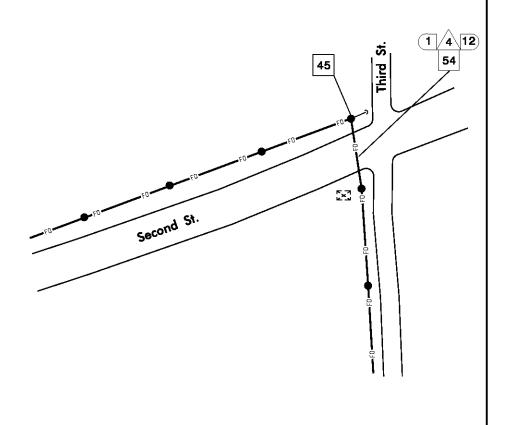
Case 3

Existing communications cable and messenger cable are to be removed new communications cable lashed to new messenger cable



Case 4

New communications cable lashed to existing signal/communications cable



Construction Notes for Aerial Cable Run

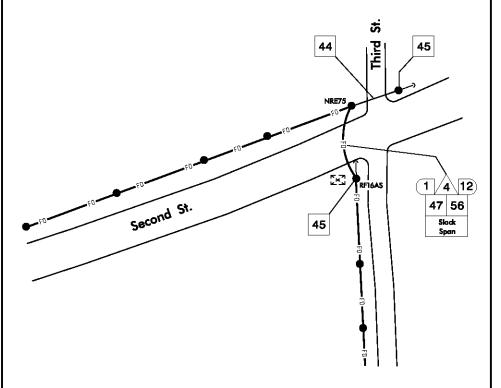
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New communications cable lashed to new messenger cable and slack spanned



Reserved for future use

NOTE:Slack spanning should be used as a last resort.
In this case, a guy could not be placed on pole
NRE75 to counteract the tension of the aerial
installation along Third Street.
Therefore, slack span to pole RF16AS and place
down guy at that pole.

Construction Notes for Aerial Cable Run

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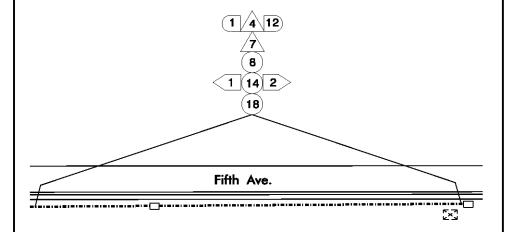
SHEET 3 OF 3

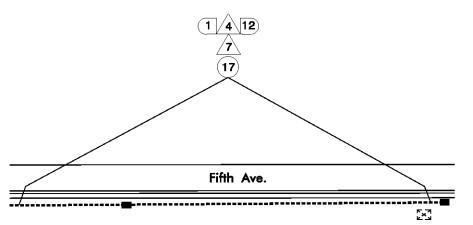


Underground communications cable run installed in new conduit trenched or plowed

Case 2

Underground communications cable run installed in existing conduit





Construction Notes for Trenched or Plowed Conduit

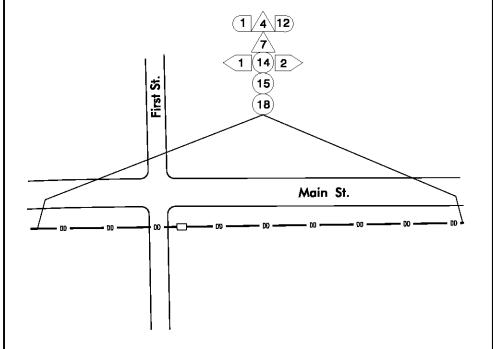
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STD. NO.

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SHEET 1 OF 3

Underground communications cable run installed in new conduit directionally drilled



Case 4

Reserved for future use

Construction Notes for Directional Drilled Conduit

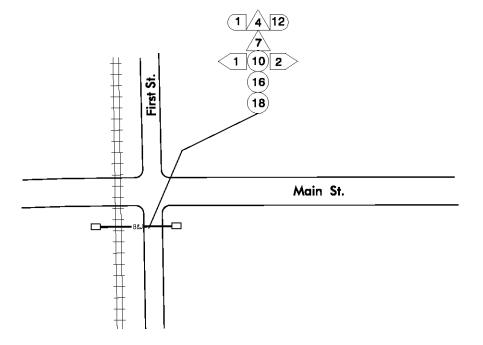
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Underground communications cable run installed in new galvanized steel conduit



Case 6

Reserved for future use

NOTE: This method is typically used for crossing under railroad tracks. However, it can be used for other applications requiring galvanized steel conduit.

Construction Notes for Bored and Jacked Conduit

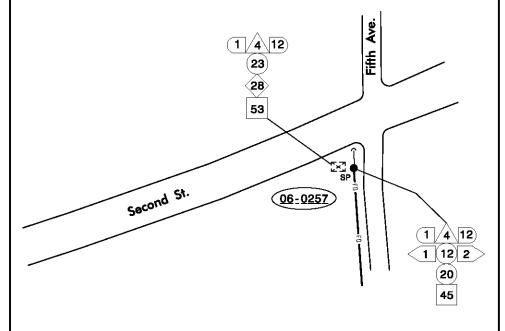
INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

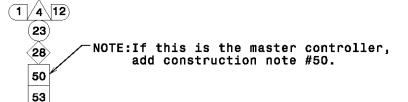
STD. NO.

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SHEET 3 OF 3

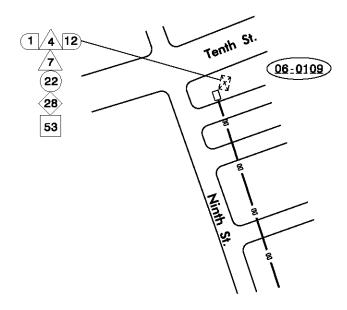
Fiber routed from a pole riser to a base mounted signal cabinet at the end of a run with standard guy assembly

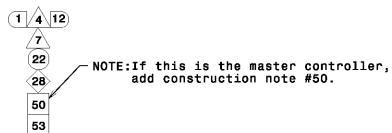




Case 2

Fiber routed from a junction box to a base mounted signal cabinet at the end of a run (underground installation - no riser required)





Construction Notes for Signal Cabinets and Risers

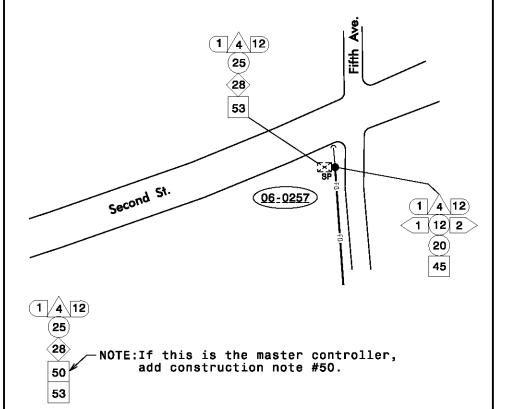
INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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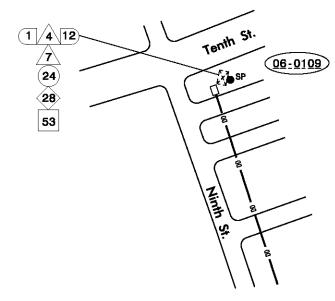
SHEET 1 OF 4

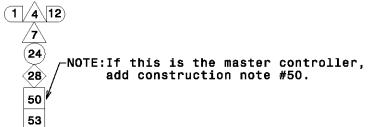
Fiber routed from a pole riser to a pole mounted signal cabinet at the end of a run with standard guy assembly



Case 4

Fiber routed from a junction box to a pole mounted signal cabinet at the end of a run (underground installation - no riser required)





Construction Notes for Signal Cabinets and Risers

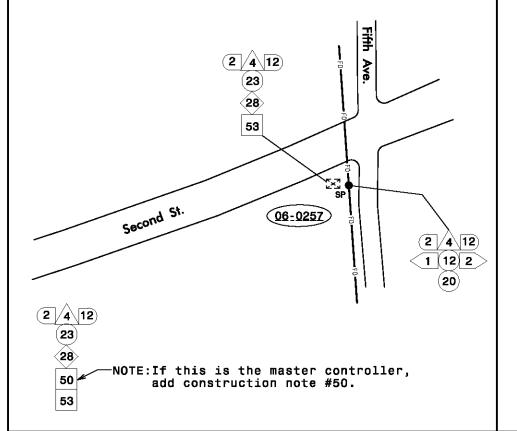
INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STD. NO.

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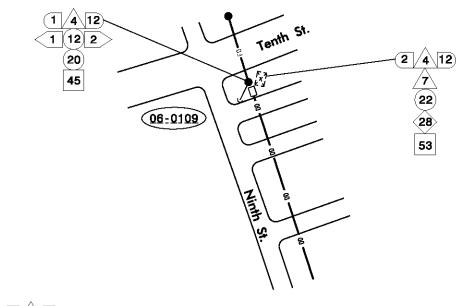
SHEET 2 OF 4

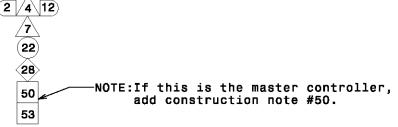
Fiber routed from a pole riser to a base mounted signal cabinet and back up through riser to continue to next location



CASE 6

Fiber routed from a junction box to a base mounted signal cabinet then up the pole riser to continue to next location (transition from underground to aerial - riser and guy required)





Construction Notes for Signal Cabinets and Risers

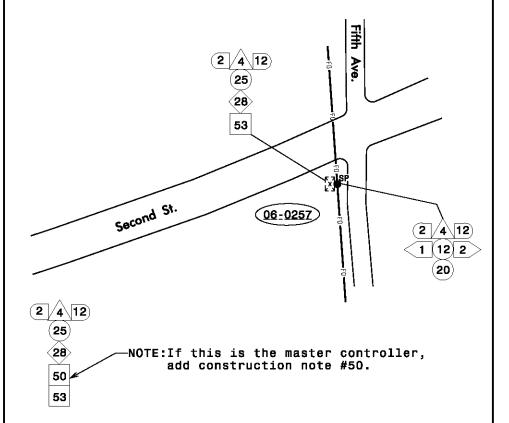
INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STD. NO.

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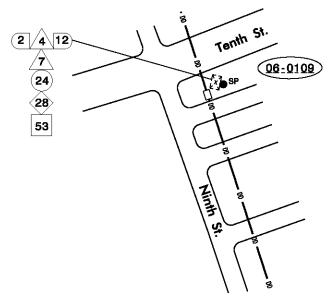
SHEET 3 OF 4

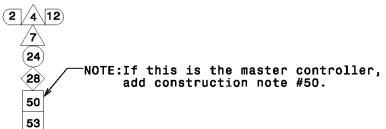
Fiber routed from a pole riser to a pole mounted signal cabinet and back up through riser to continue to next location



Case 8

Fiber routed from a junction box to a base mounted signal cabinet and back to the junction to continue to next location (underground installation - no riser required)





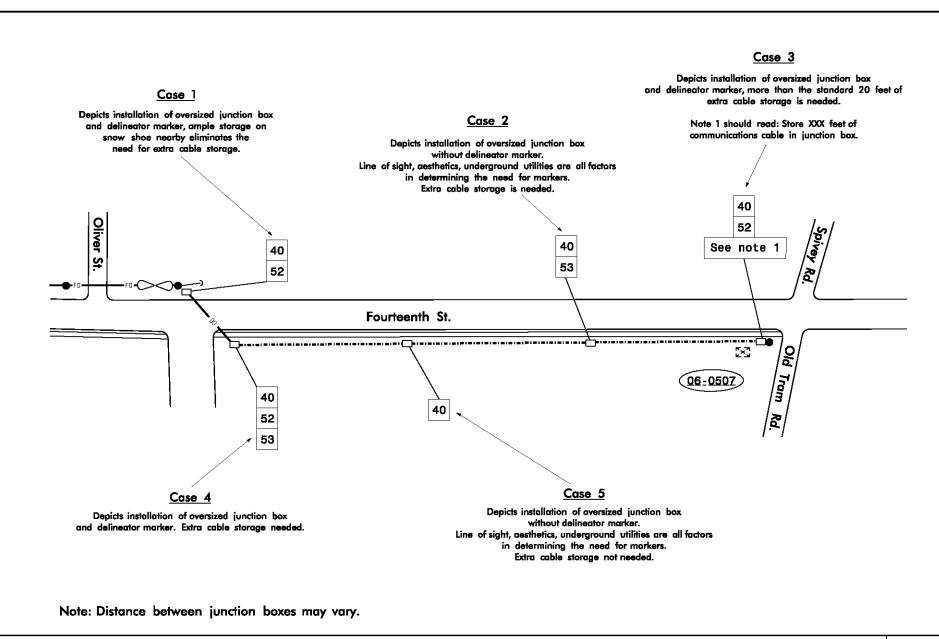
Construction Notes for Signal Cabinets

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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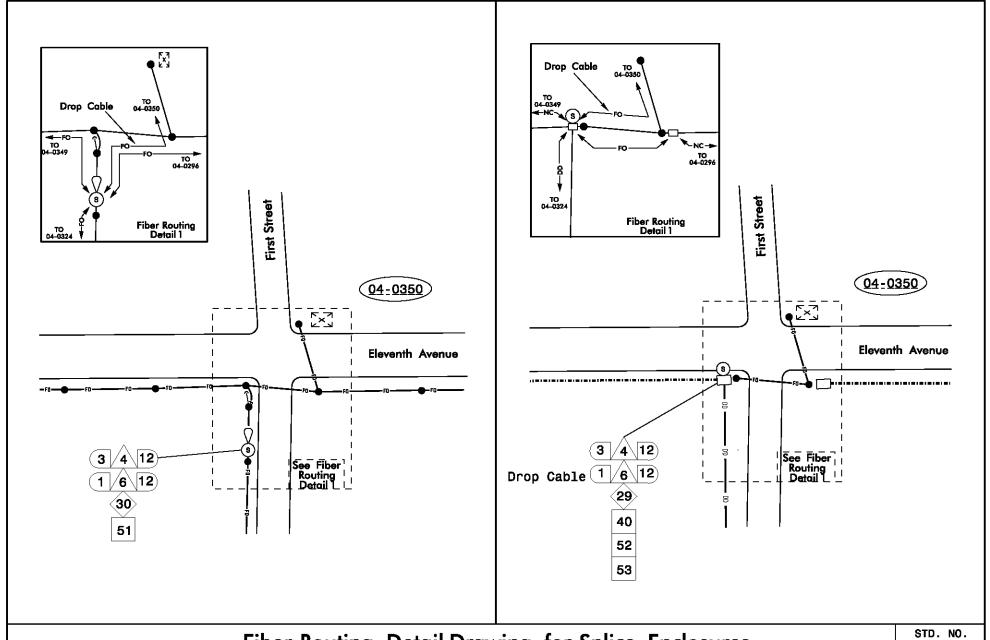
Construction Notes for Oversized Junction Box

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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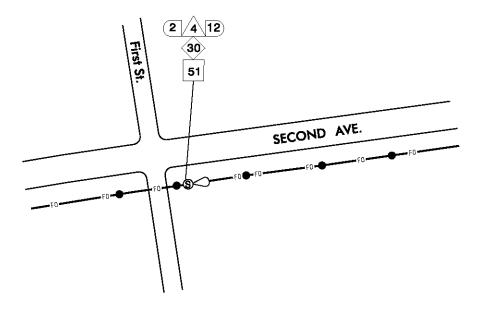
Fiber Routing Detail Drawing for Splice Enclosures

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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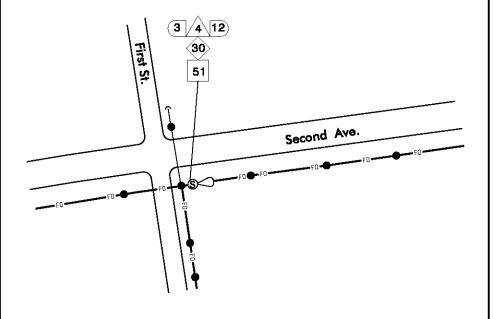
Cable routed to an aerial splice enclosure with one cable in and one cable out



NOTE:In this case, the splice enclosure would be for a future traffic signal, camera, or dynamic message sign. This is also the method used for tying into an existing cable left terminated at the pole.

Case 2

Cable routed to an aerial splice enclosure with one cable in and two cables out



Construction Notes for Splice Enclosures

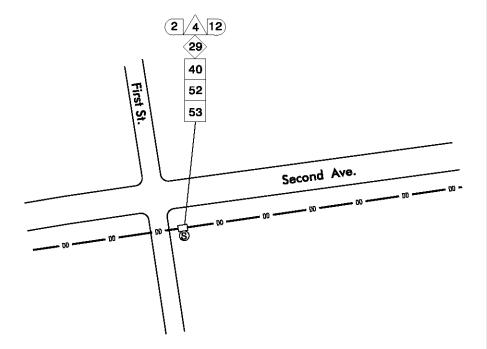
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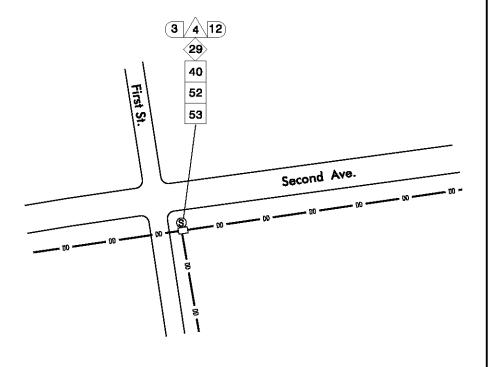
Cable routed to an underground splice enclosure with one cable in and one cable out



NOTE:In this case, the splice enclosure would be for a future traffic signal, camera, or dynamic message sign. This is also the method used for tying into an existing cable left terminated at the junction box.

Case 4

Cable routed to an underground splice enclosure with one cable in and two cables out



Construction Notes for Splice Enclosures

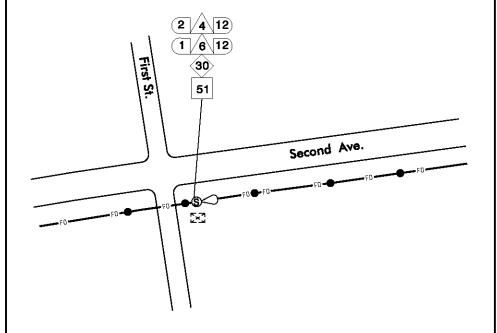
INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STD. NO.

4.4

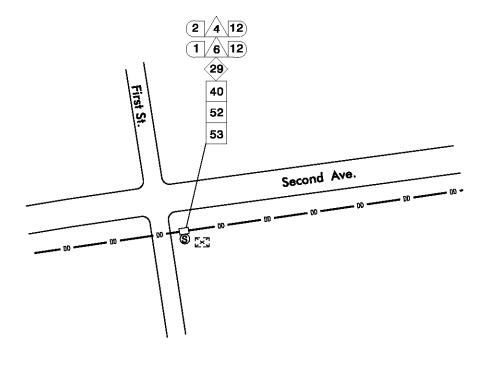
SHEET 3 OF 4

Cable routed to an aerial splice enclosure with one trunk cable in, one trunk cable out and a drop cable routed to a cabinet



Case 6

Cable routed to an underground splice enclosure with one trunk cable in, one trunk cable out and a drop cable routed to a cabinet



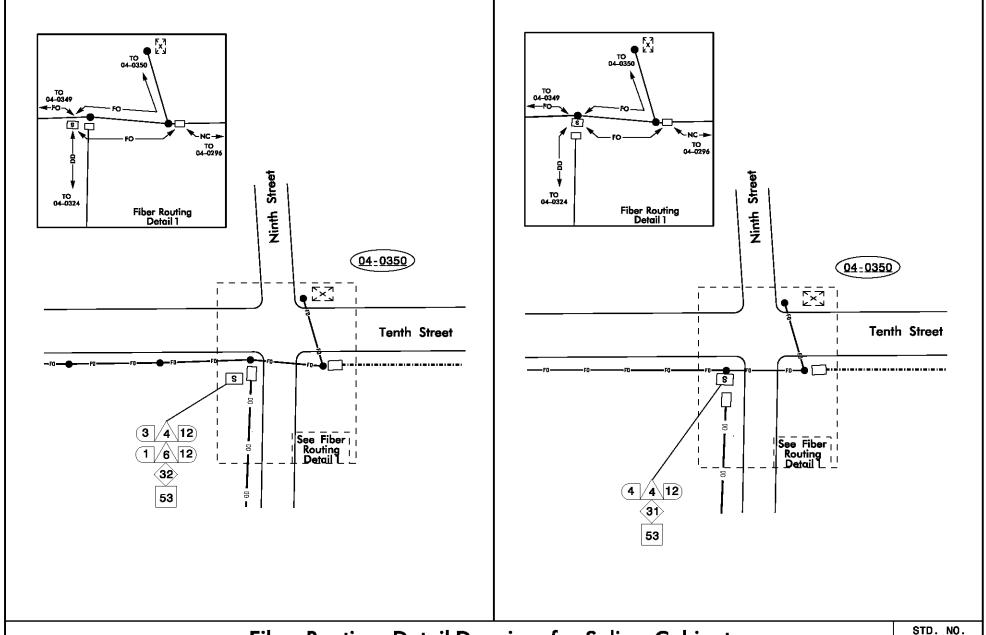
Construction Notes for Splice Enclosures

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STD. NO.

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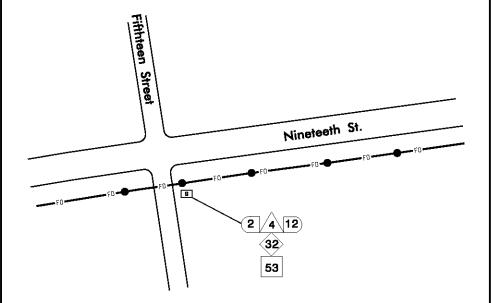
Fiber Routing Detail Drawing for Splice Cabinets

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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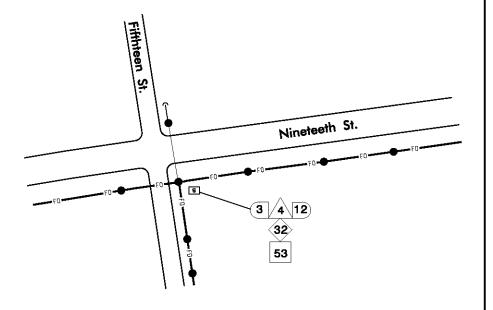
Aerial cable run routed through a riser to a base mounted splice cabinet with one in and one cable out



NOTE:In this case, the splice cabinet would be for a future traffic signal, camera, or dynamic message sign. This is also the method used for tying into an existing cable left terminated at the pole.

Case 2

Aerial cable run routed through a riser to a base mounted splice cabinet with one cable in and two cables out



Construction Notes for Splice Cabinets

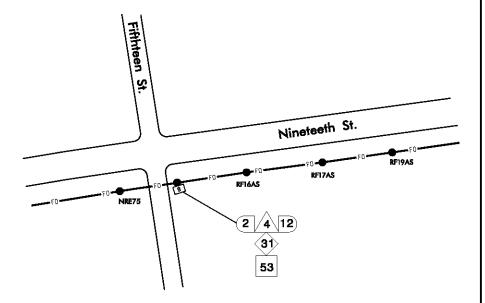
INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STD. NO.

4.5

SHEET 2 OF 5

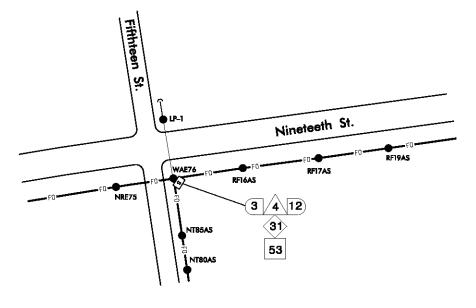
Aerial cable run routed through a riser to a pole mounted splice cabinet with one cable in and one cable out



NOTE:In this case, the splice cabinet would be for a future traffic signal, camera, or dynamic message sign. This is also the method used for tying into an existing cable left terminated at the pole.

Case 4

AERIAL CABLE RUN ROUTED THROUGH A RISER TO A POLE MOUNTED SPLICE CABINET WITH ONE CABLE IN AND TWO CABLES OUT



Construction Notes for Splice Cabinets

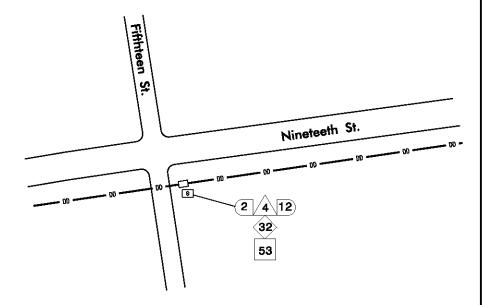
INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STD. NO.

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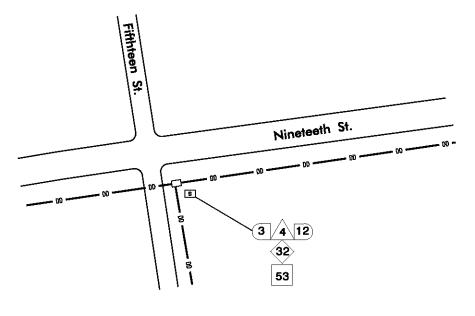
Underground cable run routed through a junction box to a base mounted splice cabinet with one cable in and one cable out



NOTE:In this case, the splice cabinet would be for a future traffic signal, camera, or dynamic message sign. This is also the method used for tying into an existing cable left terminated at the junction box.

Case 6

Underground cable run through a junction box to a base mounted splice cabinet with one cable in and two cables out



Construction Notes for Splice Cabinets

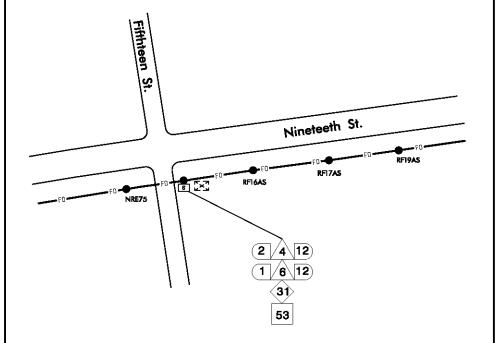
INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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4.5

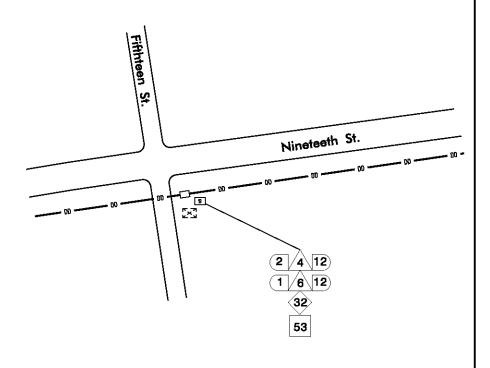
SHEET 4 OF 5

Cable routed to a pole splice cabinet with one trunk cable in, one trunk cable out and a drop cable routed to a cabinet



Case 8

Cable routed to a base mounted splice cabinet with one trunk cable in, one trunk cable out and a drop cable routed to a cabinet



Construction Notes for Splice Cabinets

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

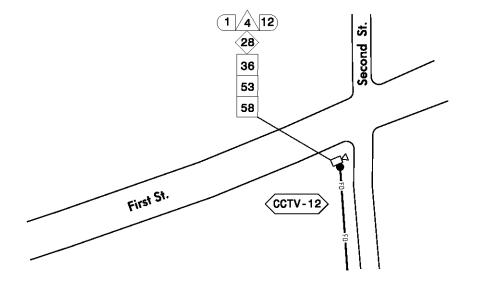
STD. NO.

4.5

SHEET 5 OF 5

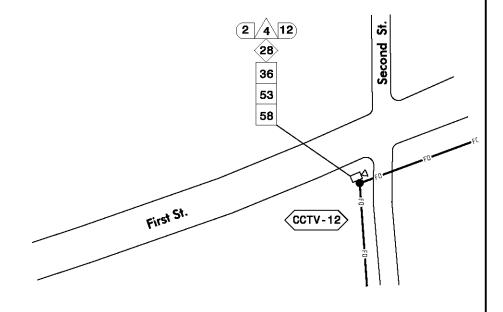
Case 1

CCTV assembly mounted on an existing pole at the end of a run



Case 2

CCTV assembly on an existing pole in the middle of a run



Construction Notes for CCTV Camera Assemblies

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

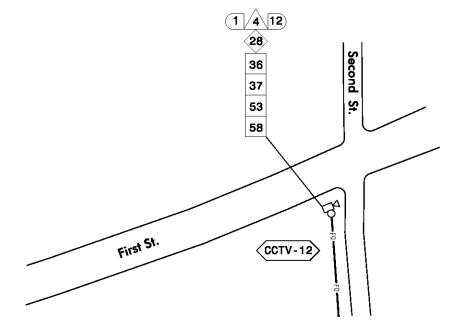
STD. NO.

5.0

SHEET 1 OF 3

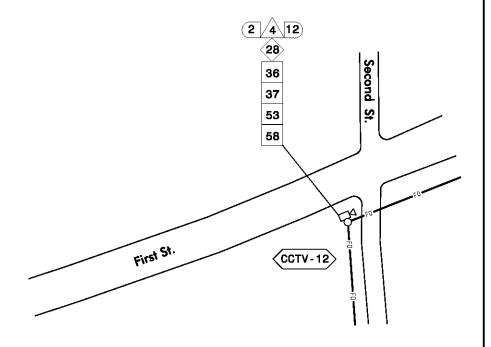
Case 3

CCTV assembly mounted on a new wood pole at the end of a run



Case 4

CCTV assembly mounted on a new wood pole in the middle of a run



Construction Notes for CCTV Camera Assemblies

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

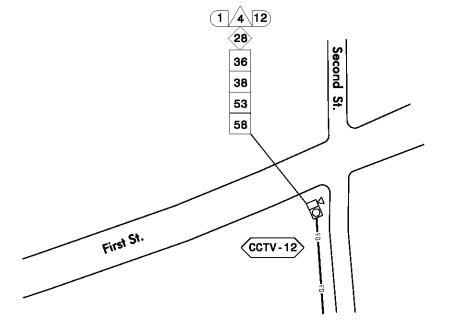
STD. NO.

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SHEET 2 OF 3

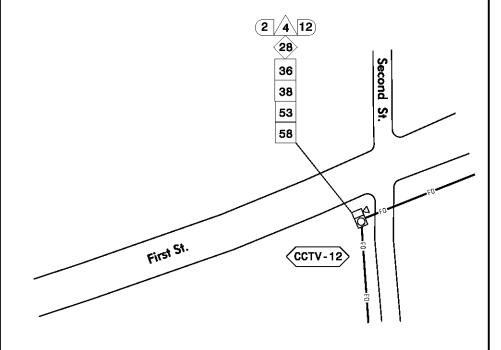
Case 5

CCTV assembly mounted on a new metal pole at the end of a run



Case 6

CCTV assembly mounted on a new metal pole in the middle of a run



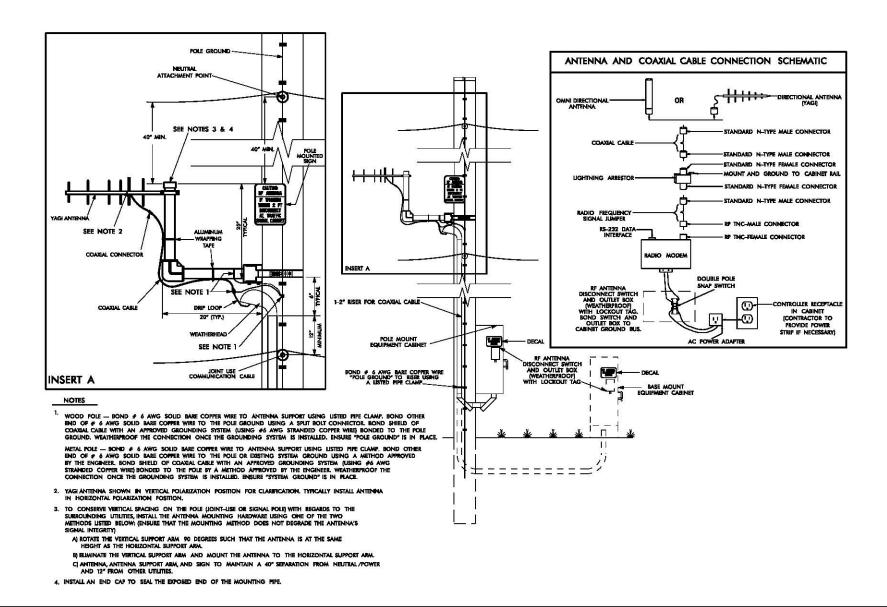
Construction Notes for CCTV Camera Assemblies

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STD. NO.

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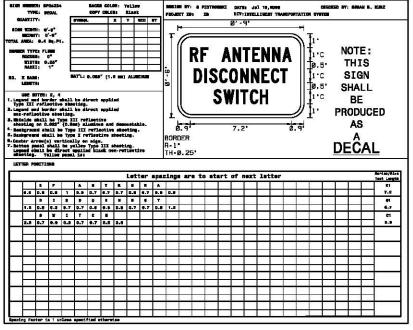
Wireless Communications – Typical Detail

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRANSPORTATION MOBILITY AND SAFETY DIVISION NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STD. NO.

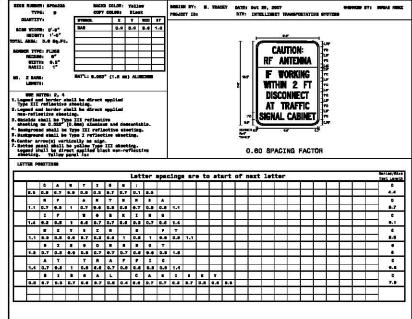
6.0

SHEET 1 OF 2

DECAL



POLE MOUNTED SIGN



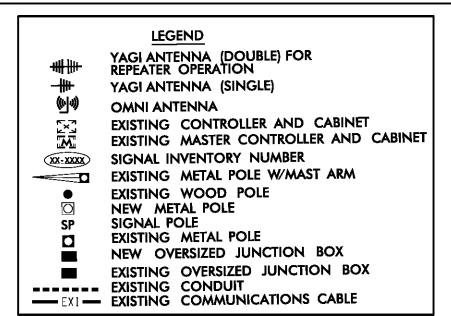
Wireless Communications – Typical Detail

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRANSPORTATION MOBILITY AND SAFETY DIVISION NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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NOTES FOR WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS:

- 1. INSTALL COAXIAL CABLE:
 - A. ON WOOD POLES, REQUIRING A NEW RIGID GALYANIZED STEEL RISER, INSTALL A 2" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD AND ROUTE THE COAXIAL CABLE TO THE ANTENNA.
 - B. ON METAL POLES WITH MAST ARMS, RUN COAXIAL CABLE UP THROUGH THE POLE AND OUT THE MAST ARM;
 FIELD DRILL A 1/2" HOLE UP THROUGH THE BOTTOM OF MAST ARM FOR INSTALLATION OF THE COAXIAL CABLE TO THE ANTENNA.
 - C. ON METAL STRAIN POLES, RUN COAXIAL CABLE UP THROUGH THE POLE AND OUT THE WEATHERHEAD AND ROUTE THE COAXIAL CABLE TO THE ANTENNA.
 - D. BETWEEN THE POINT OF EXITING THE RISER, METAL POLE OR MAST ARM AND THE ANTENNA, SECURE THE COAXIAL CABLE TO THE STRUCTURE USING 3/4" STAINLESS STEEL STRAPS EVERY 12".
- 2. IF AN EXISTING 2" SPARE RIGID GALVANIZED STEEL RISER IS AVAILABLE, INSTALL THE COAXIAL CABLE IN THE SPARE RISER.
- 3. INSTALL WIRELESS ANTENNA ON POLE WITH RF WARNING SIGN.
 (NOTE: RF WARNING SIGN NOT REQUIRED WHEN ANTENNA IS INSTALLED ON AN NCDOT-OWNED POLE.)
- 4. MAINTAIN PROPER CLEARANCE FROM ALL UTILITIES PER THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL SAFETY CODE.
- 5. INSTALL WIRELESS SERIAL RADIO MODEM WITH EXTERIOR DISCONNECT SWITCH LOCATED ON CABINET.

 (NOTE: RF ANTENNA DISCONNECT SWITCH AND DECAL ARE NOT REQUIRED WHEN THE ANTENNA IS INSTALLED ON AN NCDOT-OWNED POLE.)
- 6. REFERENCE "WIRELESS RADIO ANTENNA TYPICAL DETAILS."

Wireless Communications - Typical Plan Sheet Notes & Legend

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRANSPORTATION MOBILITY AND SAFETY DIVISION NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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WIRELESS - STANDARD CONSTRUCTION NOTES

YAGI VERTICALLY POLARIZED

YAGI HORIZONTALLY POLARIZED

INSTALL 8.5 DB GAIN YAGI ANTENNA INSTALL 13 DB GAIN YAGI ANTENNA INSTALL 8.5 DB GAIN YAGI ANTENNA HORIZONTALLY POLARIZED INSTALL 13 DB GAIN YAGI ANTENNA HORIZONTALLY POLARIZED

OMNI VERTICALLY POLARIZED

INSTALL 3 DB GAIN OMNI ANTENNA
VERTICALLY POLARIZED INSTALL 6 DB GAIN OMNI ANTENNA
VERTICALLY POLARIZED

ATTACHMENT NOTES

ATTACH ANTENNA 12"

ATTACH ANTENNA 6" ATTACH ANTENNA 12" ABOVE
ABOVE SIGNAL CABLE SIGNAL CABLE WEATHERHEAD

ATTACH ANTENNA 6" ABOVE

ATTACH ANTENNA 12"

ATTACH ANTENNA 6" BELOW SIGNAL CABLE WEATHERHEAD SIGNAL CABLE WEATHERHEAD SIGNAL CABLE WEATHERHEAD

ATTACH ANTENNA ALONG MAST ARM A MINIMUM OF 6 FEET AWAY FROM THE VERTICAL SHAFT MEMBER

NOTE: ATTACHMENT NOTES FOR THE ANTENNA CAN ALSO BE CHANGED TO REFERENCE OTHER UTILITIES (I.E., PHONE, CABLE, ETC.) NOTE: FOR UNDERGROUND CONDUIT INSTALLATIONS INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING NOTE - "PROVIDE COAXIAL CABLE SUITABLE FOR WET LOCATIONS"

OTHER COMMONLY USED NOTES

MASTER NOTE

JOINT USE POLE NOTE

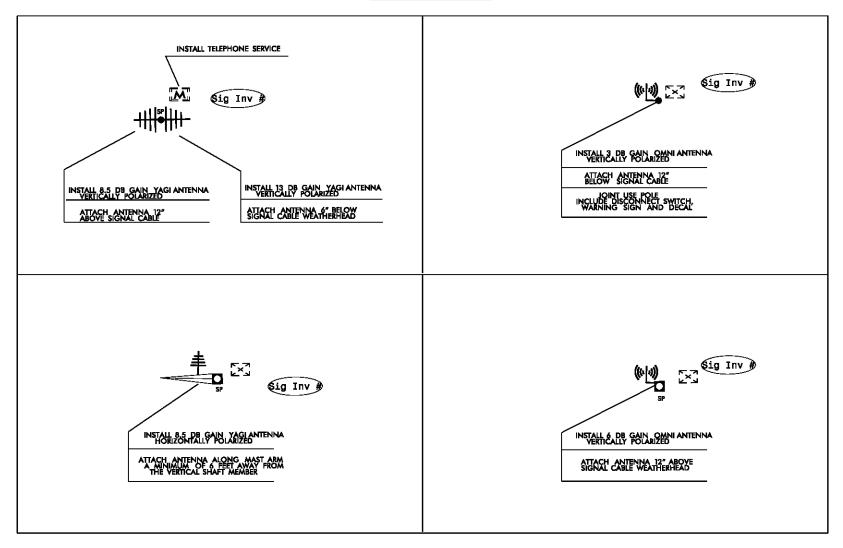
INSTALL TELEPHONE SERVICE

Wireless Communications – Sample of Wireless Notes

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRANSPORTATION MOBILITY AND SAFETY DIVISION NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STD. NO.

6.2

SAMPLES



Wireless Communications - Sample Intersection with Wireless Notes

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRANSPORTATION MOBILITY AND SAFETY DIVISION NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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ANTENNA DESIGN NOTES

OMNI ANTENNAS ARE ALWAYS INSTALLED VERTICALLY POLARIZED.

YAGI ANTENNAS CAN BE INSTALLED EITHER VERTICALLY POLARIZED OR HORIZONTALLY POLARIZED.

OMNI ANTENNAS CAN COMMUNICATE WITH BOTH OMNI ANTENNAS AND YAGI ANTENNAS. HOWEVER, IF COMMUNICATIONS IS DESIRED BETWEEN AN OMNI ANTENNA AND A YAGI ANTENNA, THEN THE YAGI ANTENNA MUST BE INSTALLED IN THE VERTICALLY POLARIZED POSITION.

YAGI ANTENNAS INSTALLED IN THE VERTICALLY POLARIZED POSITION CAN ONLY COMMUNICATE WITH OTHER YAGI ANTENNAS THAT ARE ALSO VERTICALLY POLARIZED.

YAGI ANTENNAS INSTALLED IN THE HORIZONTALLY POLARIZED POSITION CAN ONLY COMMUNICATE WITH OTHER YAGI ANTENNAS THAT ARE ALSO HORIZONTALLY POLARIZED.

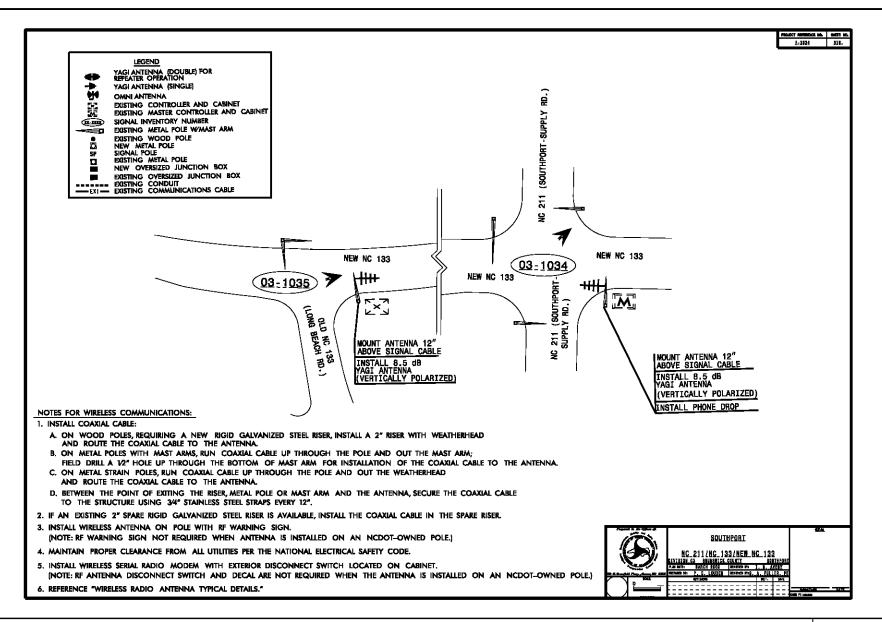
WHEN DEALING WITH A DUAL ANTENNA DESIGN (REPEATING OPERATION) THE ANTENNAS CAN BOTH BE INSTALLED HORIZONTALLY POLARIZED OR VERTICALLY POLARIZED. ADDITIONALLY, ONE ANTENNA CAN BE INSTALLED HORIZONTALLY POLARIZED AND THE SECOND ANTENNA CAN BE INSTALLED VERTICALLY POLARIZED.

Wireless Communications - Antenna Design Notes

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRANSPORTATION MOBILITY AND SAFETY DIVISION NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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Wireless Communications – Sample Plan – Wireless Communications Plan (Stand Alone)

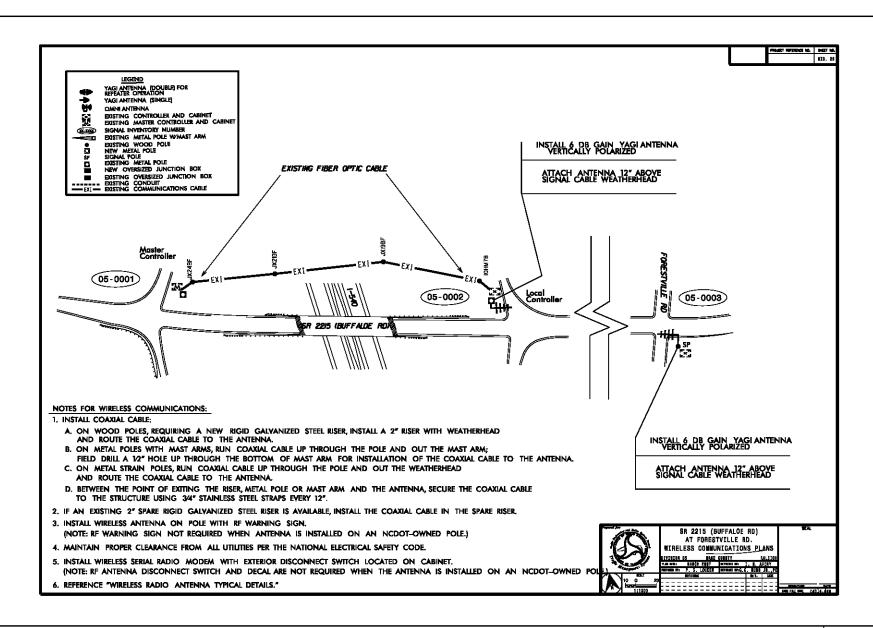
INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRANSPORTATION MOBILITY AND SAFETY DIVISION NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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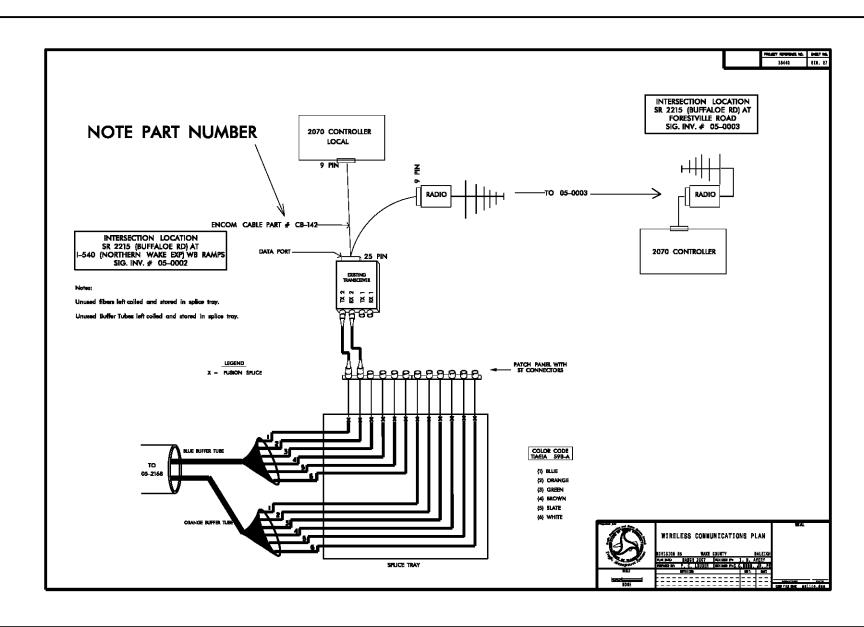


Wireless Communications - Sample Plans - Fiber (Local Intersection) to Wireless Intersection

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INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRANSPORTATION MOBILITY AND SAFETY DIVISION NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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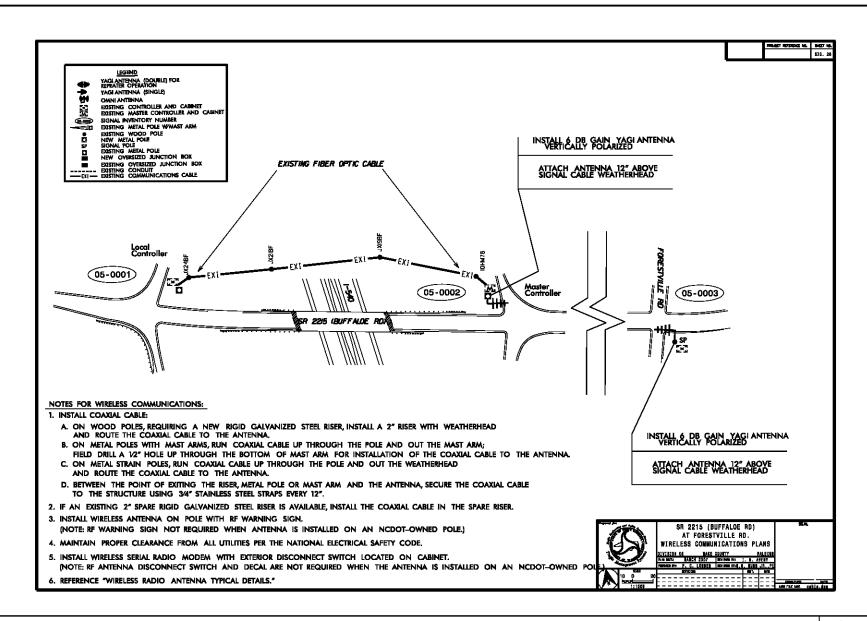
Wireless Communications - Sample Plans - Fiber Splicing (Local Intersction) to Wireless Intersection

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRANSPORTATION MOBILITY AND SAFETY DIVISION NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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Wireless Communications - Sample Plans - Fiber (Local Intersection) to Wireless Intersection

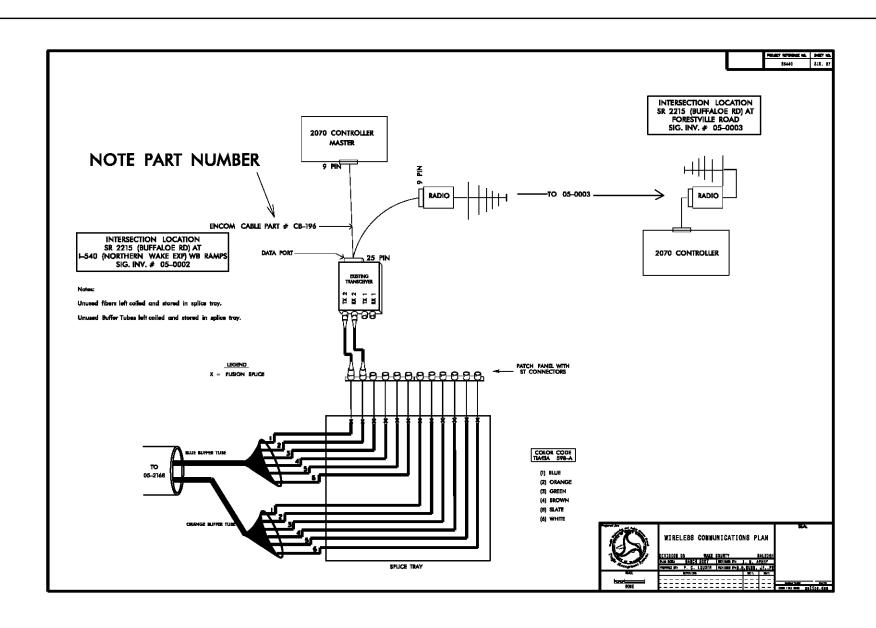
INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRANSPORTATION MOBILITY AND SAFETY DIVISION NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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Wireless Communications – Sample Plans – Fiber Splicing (Master Intersction) to Wireless Intersection

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INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRANSPORTATION MOBILITY AND SAFETY DIVISION NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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DMS Site Selection and Design Process

- ◆ Obtain recommended locations from Congestion Management Section
- Identify points of interest:
 - ➤ Alternate route(s)
 - ▶ Venues (Stadiums, Motor Speedways, Sports / Concert Arenas)
- ◆ Set up a field investigation event with the following people:
 - ▶ Division Incident Management Engineer
 - ➤ Regional ITS Engineer
 - ➤ Regional Traffic Engineer
 - Signing Project Design Engineer
- ◆ Select a location that meets the following criteria:
 - ➤ Select location that is 2–4 miles in advance of the point of interest
 - ▶ Insure that display has at least 1200' of unobstructed sight distance
 - ➤ Avoid placement in curves
 - ➤ Select location where shoulder is widest to avoid future lane closure
- Ensure an ideal location at least 50 feet in advance of the display can be selected for the controller cabinet
- ➤ Consider phone and power service availability
- ► For 1–2 lanes (each direction) consider pedestal type assembly
- ► For 3 or more lanes (each direction) consider full span assembly
- ► Ensure all parties agree on the selected location
- ◆ Confirm the location by sending emails to all parties involved
 - ► Reference the location from the nearest mile marker
 - ▶ If no mile marker exists, use bridge or intersection as reference

- Confirm availability of utilities by coordinating with Division personnel and Utility agents
- ◆ Develop Project Special Provisions
 - Determine if a particular brand is to be specified
 - Ensure integration section and pay item is included
 - Ensure that a bench test unit is not required
 - Determine if training is required
 - Determine if UPS, Modern, and Modern Reset devices are needed
 - ➤ Determine if desktop /laptop computers are needed
 - Determine if software upgrade is required
 - ➤ Determine if Fiber Optic Communication is to be used
 - Determine if dial-up backup system is not required
 - Ensure that dial up modems and related devices are not required
- ◆ Follow up with the Signing Section on the development of Structure line drawings, Traffic Control, and Roadway Plans
- ◆ If assembling the package for submission to Design Services, obtain plans from Traffic Control and Roadway and confirm quantities
- ◆ Ensure DMS Grounding Detail is inserted into the ITS Plans
- ◆ Ensure DMS Project Special Provisions are included with ITS Package

Dynamic Message Signs – Site Selection & Design Process

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STD. NO.

7.0

I. Cabinets

- A. Note cabinet location
- B. Note signal inventory number (usually marked on cabinet) Example: 01–0459
- C. Note cabinet type (base mount/pole mount)
- D. Check inside cabinet for space conduit (signal technician must be present before doing this)

II. Poles

- A. Note pole type (wood,metal,metal with mast arm)
- B. Note pole number (if applicable) Use "SP" for signal pole
- C. Determine NCDOT attachment height
- D. Note any clearance problems or adjustments required in order to assume the desired attachment height
- E. See section 1.0 for NESC clearance requirements
- F. Record distances between poles using laser range finder or measuring wheel
- G. When evaluating adjustment options, be mindful of 'height over grade' clearances
- H. If adjustments are required on a pole, record the attachment heights of all existing utilities using the laser range finder
- Determine vertical clearance over road as needed.
 Use the laser range finder.
 Measure from the roadway to the lowest
 point on the span.

III. Roads and Structures

- A. Record all road names and state road (SR) numbers if applicable
- B. Note any bridges (grade separations)
- C. Record any landmarks, buildings, or other structures for reference purposes as needed

IV. Railroads

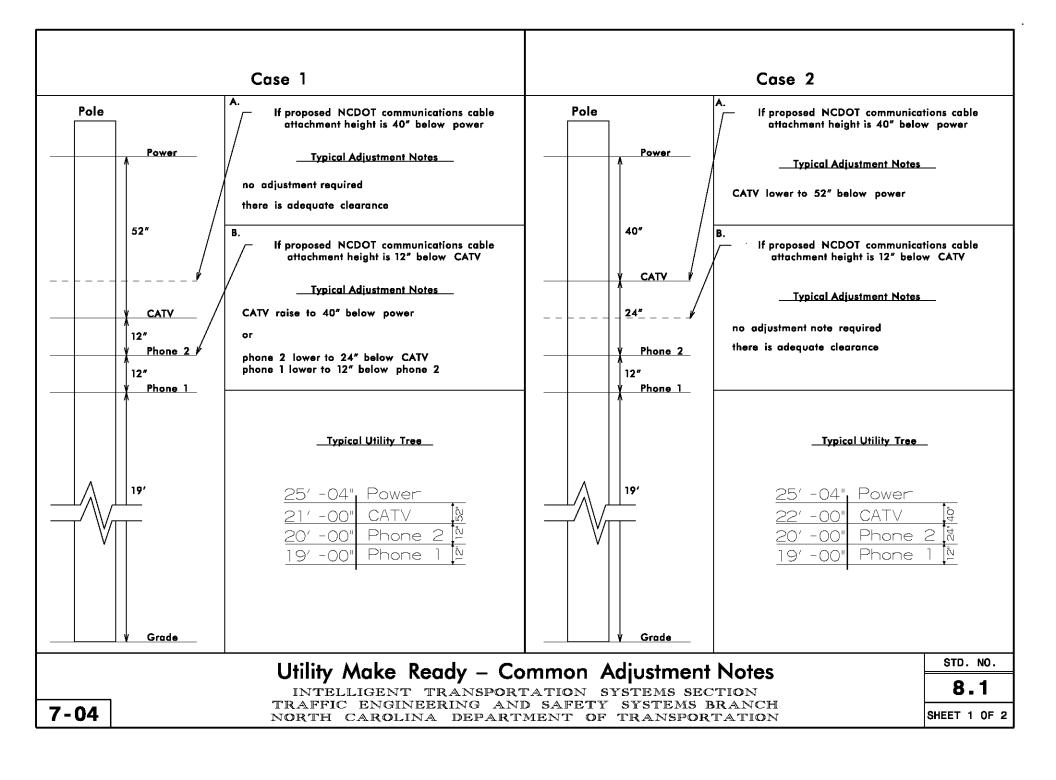
- A. When the cable route crosses over or under a railroad, special wire-line agreements must be made.
- B. The following information is needed for wire line agreements:
 - Crossing number (if available)
 usually found on cross arm mechanism
 or crossing controller cabinet
 - Distance from center line of track to the nearest pole on each side of the track (for aerial installation)
 - 3. Vertical clearance from the top of the rail to the lowest existing overhead utility (aerial installation)
 - Distance from crossing to the nearest railway mile marker.
 This information may be obtained through NCDOT Railway Division, Railroad Company Right of Way, or NCDOT Right of Way.

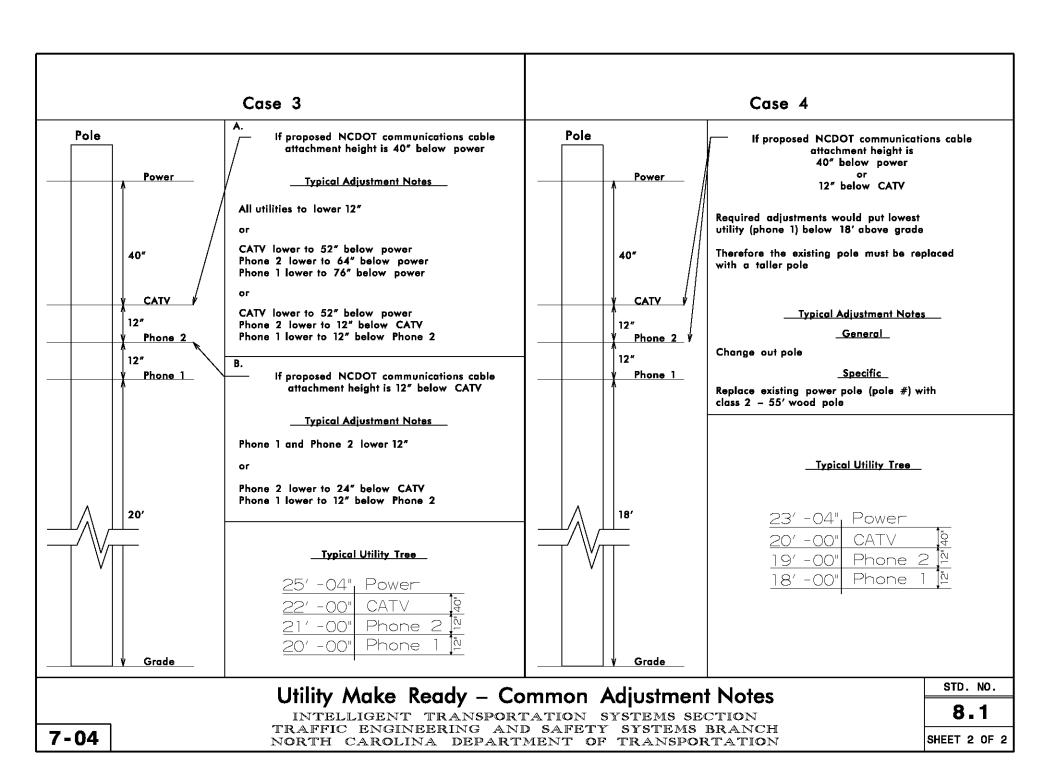
Utility Make Ready - Field Investigation Checklist

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STD. NO.

8.0





Standard Design Elements Feature Description	Level	Color	Line Wt.	Line Style
Existing Roads EOP	58150	4	4	Ó
Existing Roads Match Line	58151	3	4	0
Proposed Aerial Guy	58152	6	7	0
Existing Bridge	58153	6	3	0
Existing Sidewalk	58154	19	1	0
Proposed Construction Nate Leader Line	58155	3	1	0
Proposed Attachment Note Leader Line	58156	3	1	0
Proposed Utility Adjustment Leader Line	58157	3	1	0

Text				-		Size (English)							
Feature Description	Level	Color	Line Wt.	Line Style	Font	30:1	40:1	50:1	60:1	70:1	80:1	90:1	100:1
Existing Road Text	58200	3	4	0	11	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22
Existing Road Match Line Text	58201	13	4	0	11	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22
Existing Sidewalk Text	58202	19	1	0	11	4	5	7	9	11	13	15	17
Proposed Slack Span Text	58203	3	1	0	11	4	5	7	9	11	13	15	17
Proposed Attachment Text	58204	3	1	0	11	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
Proposed Utility Adjustment Text	58205	3	1	0	11	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22
Existing Railroad Text	58206	7	1	0	11	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22
Existing Right of Way Text	58207	5	1	0	11	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22
Existing Pole Text	58208	3	1	0	11	4	5	7	9	11	13	15	17
Proposed General Note Text	58209	3	1	0	11	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22

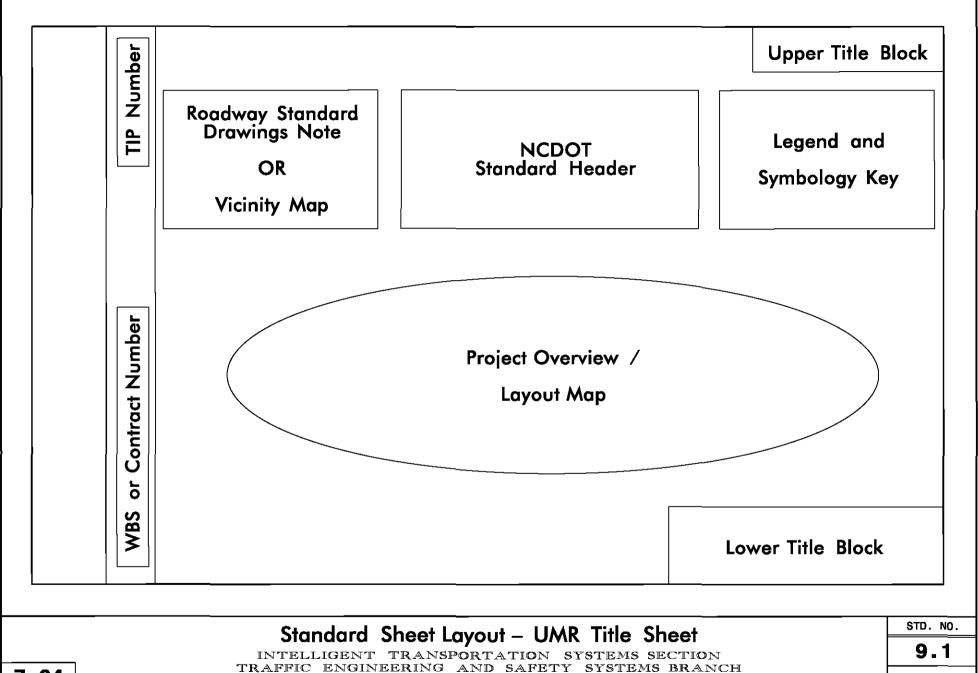
	Custom Line Styles								Scale					
	Feature Description	Level	Color	Line Wt.	Line Style	Font	30:1	40:1	50:1	60:1	70:1	80:1	90:1	100:1
TMS Custom	Proposed Aerial Fiber Optic Cable	58000	3	0	Sig Com Cab FO		70	80	90	100	120	140	160	180
	Proposed Twisted Pair Cable	58001	4	0	Sig Com Cab Twi Pr Exi		70	80	90	100	120	140	160	180
	Existing Communications Cable	58002	1	0	Sig Com Cab Exi		70	80	90	100	120	140	160	180
	Remove Existing Communications Cable	58003	2	0	Sig Com Cab Rmv		70	80	90	100	120	140	160	180
	Proposed Conduit	58004	0	0	Sig Com Cab Nw Cond		70	80	90	100	120	140	160	180
	Existing Conduit	58005	6	0	Sig Com Cab Exi Cond		70	80	90	100	120	140	160	180
	Proposed Directional Drilled Conduit	58006	1	0	Sig Com Cab Dr Dri	·	70	80	90	100	120	140	160	180
	Proposed Jack and Bore Conduit	58007	120	0	Sig Com Cab Jac Bor		70	80	90	100	120	140	160	180
Other Custom	Existing Railroad Track	58008	7	2	(0) ncmap RR Gau Std		70	80	90	100	120	140	160	180
	Existing Railroad Track (Title Sheet)	58009	0	1	(0) Sig Geo RR		1	1.5	2	2	2.5	2.5	3	3
	Existing Railroad Gate	58010	3	1	(0) Sig Geo RR Gat		1	1.5	2	2	2.5	2.5	3	3
	Existing Railroad Cantilever	58011	3	1	(0) Sig Geo RR Can		1	1.5	2	2	2.5	2.5	3	3
	Existing Railroad Lights	58012	3	1	(0) Sig Geo RR Lit		1	1.5	2	2	2.5	2.5	3	3_
	Existing Right of Way	58013	5	1	(0) ncmap ROW Exi		30	40	50	60	70	80_	90	100
	Existing Guard Rail	58014	6	4	(0) Rdy GR Prop		30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
	Existing Fence Line	58015	0	1	(0) ncmap Fen		30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
	Existing Hedge Row	58016	153	1	(0) ncmap Hdg		30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
	Existing Woods	58017	153	1	(0) ncmap Wds		30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
	Existing Streams and Rivers	58018	99	1	2–5–2		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Standard Sheet Layout – TMS Standard CADD Symbology

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

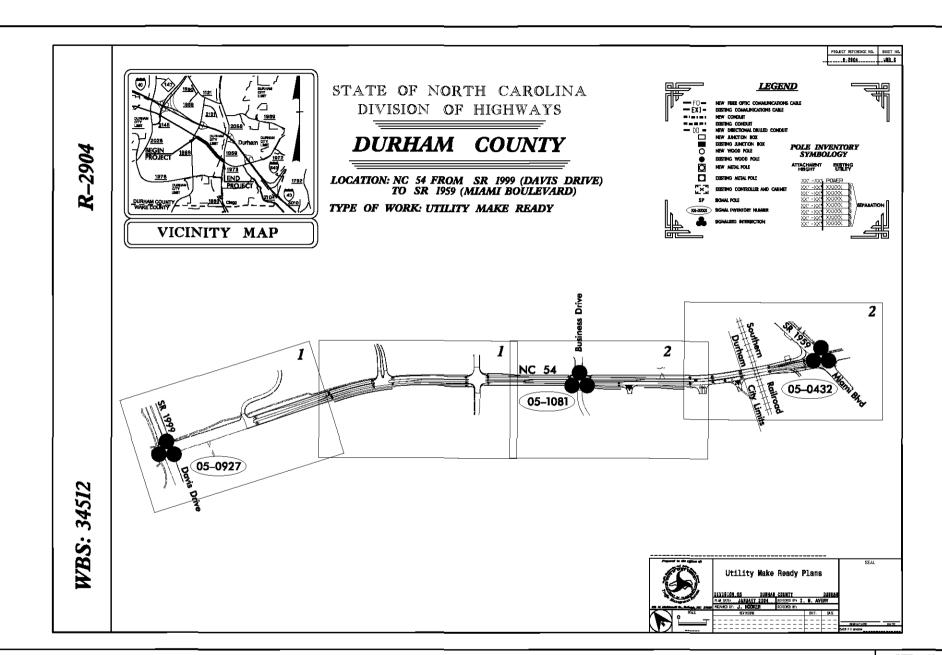
STD. NO.

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NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

7-04



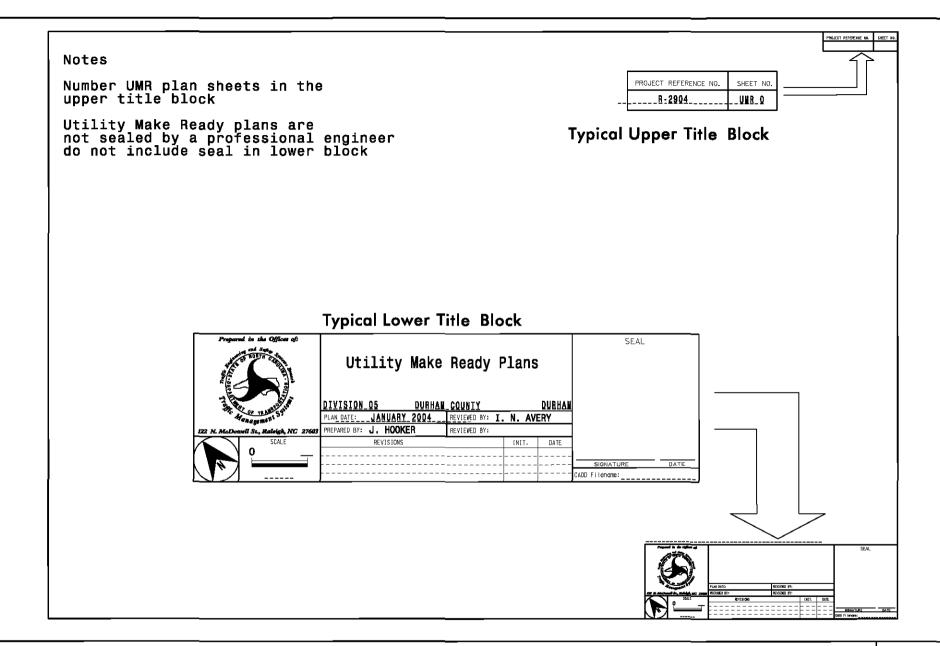
Standard Sheet Layout - Sample UMR Title Sheet

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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Standard Sheet Layout - Title Blocks - UMR

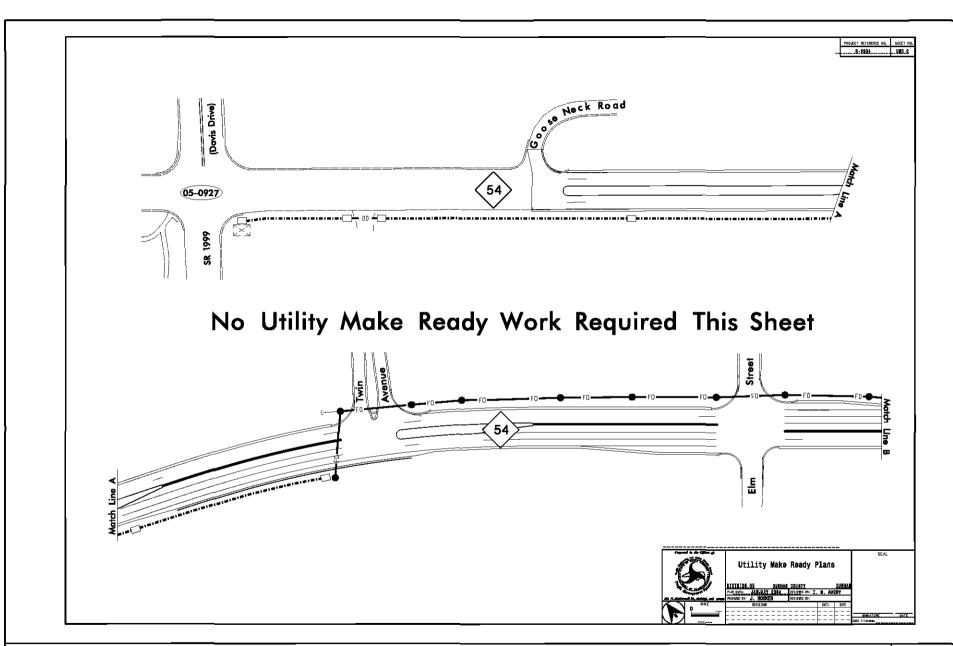
INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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SHEET 3 OF 5

7-04



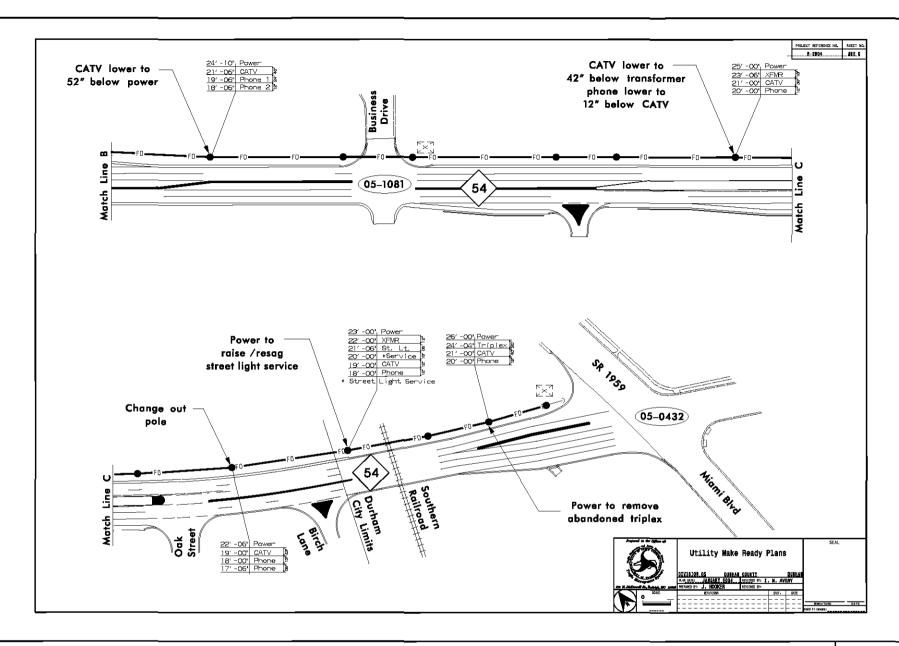
Standard Sheet Layout - Sample UMR Plan Sheet

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STD. NO.

9.1

SHEET 4 OF 5



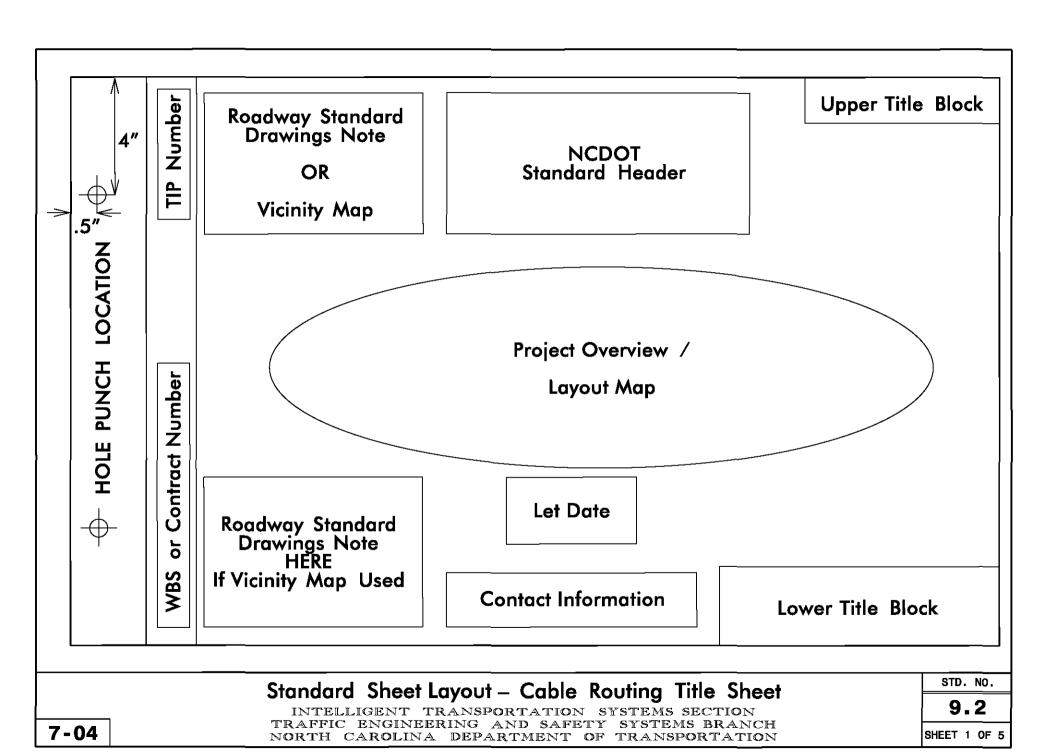
Standard Sheet Layout - Sample UMR Plan Sheet

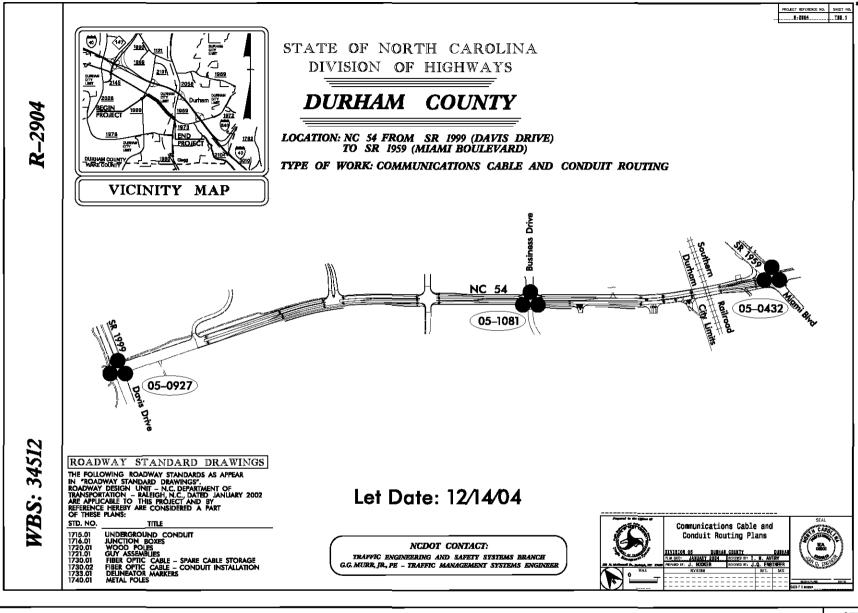
INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STD. NO.

9.1

SHEET 5 OF 5





Standard Sheet Layout - Sample Cable Routing Title Sheet

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STD. NO.

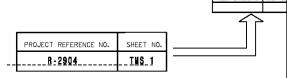
9.2

SHEET 2 OF 5

Notes Numbe in th

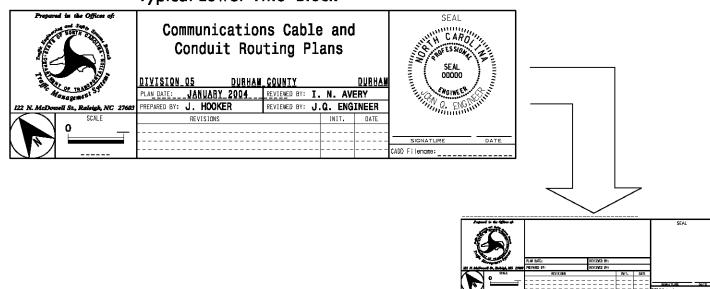
Number Cable Routing plan sheets in the upper title block

For Closed Loop System projects do not number the sheets. They are numbered later as part of a larger plan package.



Typical Upper Title Block

Typical Lower Title Block

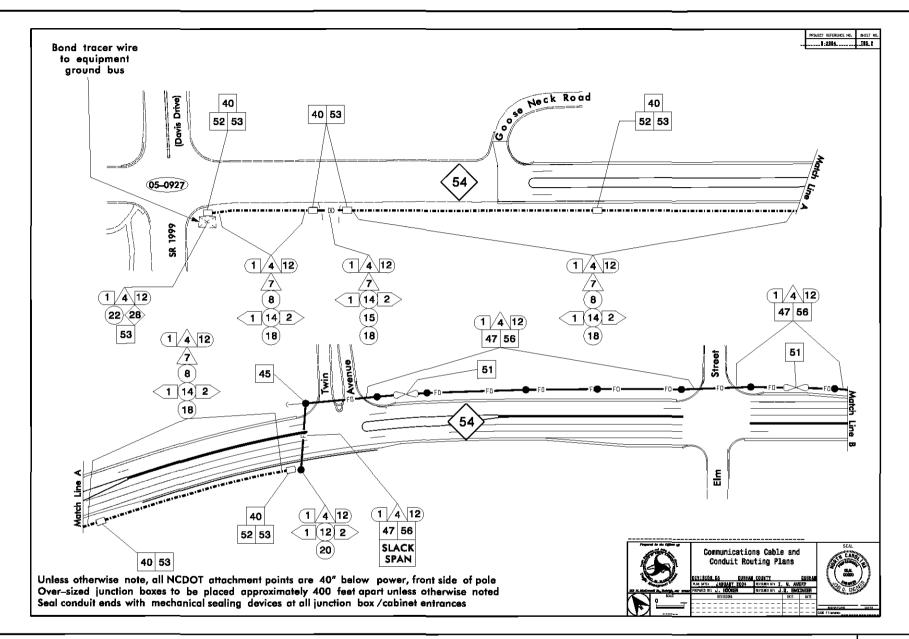


Standard Sheet Layout – Title Blocks – Cable Routing

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STD. NO.

9.2

SHEET 3 OF 5



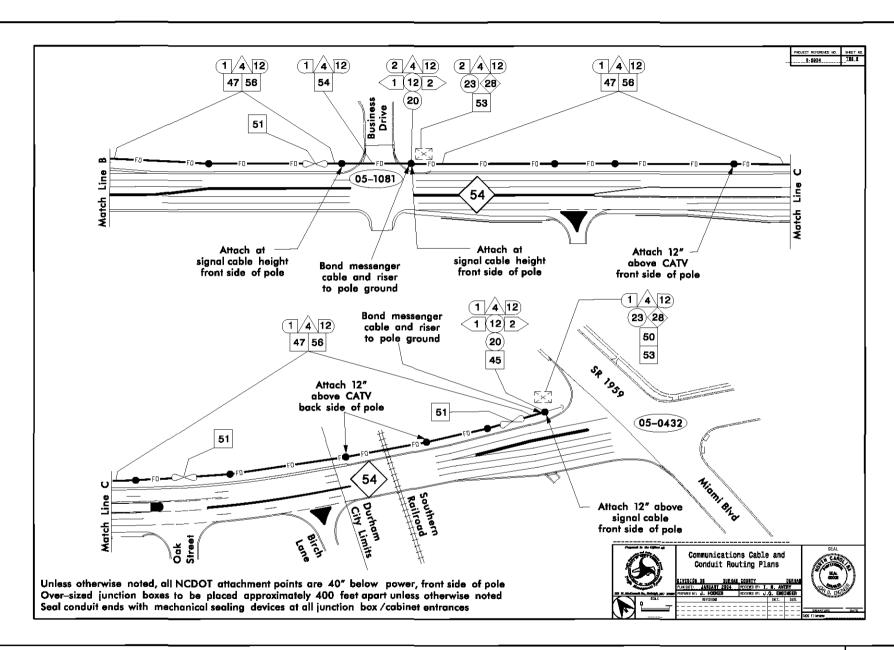
Standard Sheet Layout - Sample Cable Routing Plan Sheet

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STD. NO.

9.2

SHEET 4 OF 5



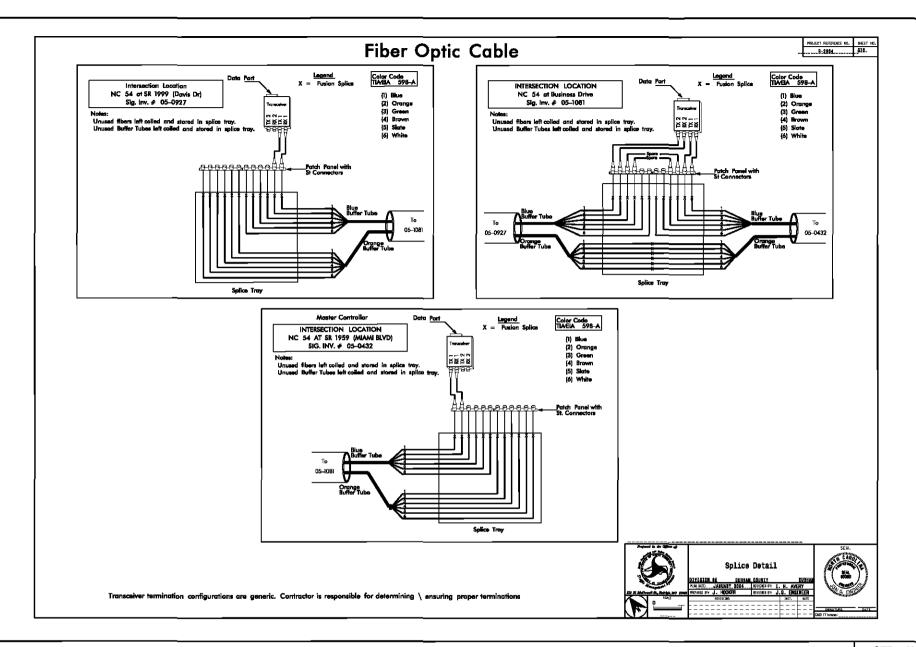
Standard Sheet Layout - Sample Cable Routing Plan Sheet

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STD. NO.

9.2

SHEET 5 OF 5

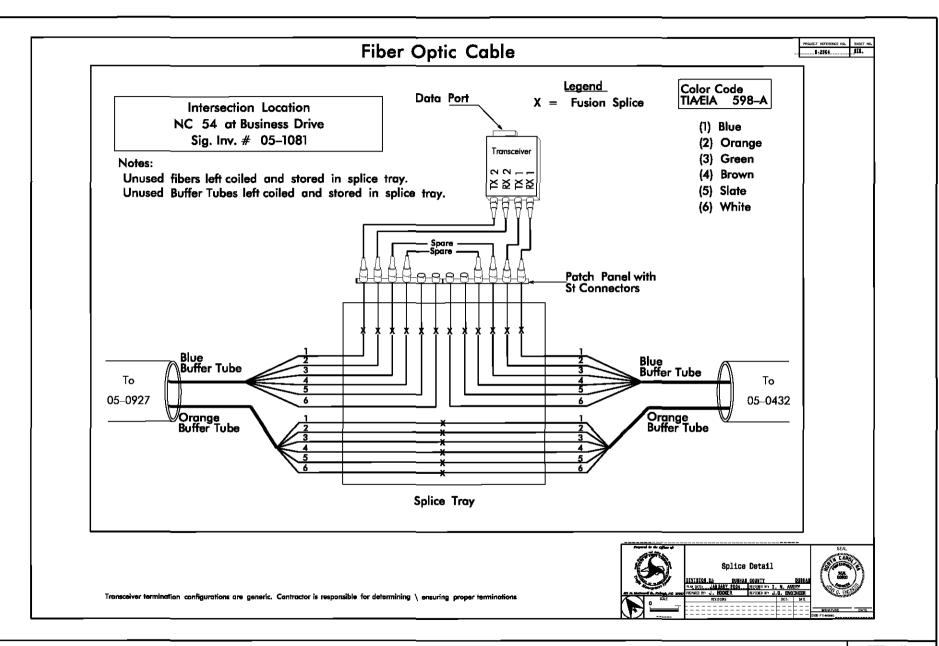


Standard Sheet Layout - Splice Plan

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STD. NO.

9.3



Standard Sheet Layout - Splice Plan - Exploded View

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS SECTION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND SAFETY SYSTEMS BRANCH NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STD. NO.

9.3

SHEET 2 OF 2